

Q4 Earnings Conference Call

January 19, 2022

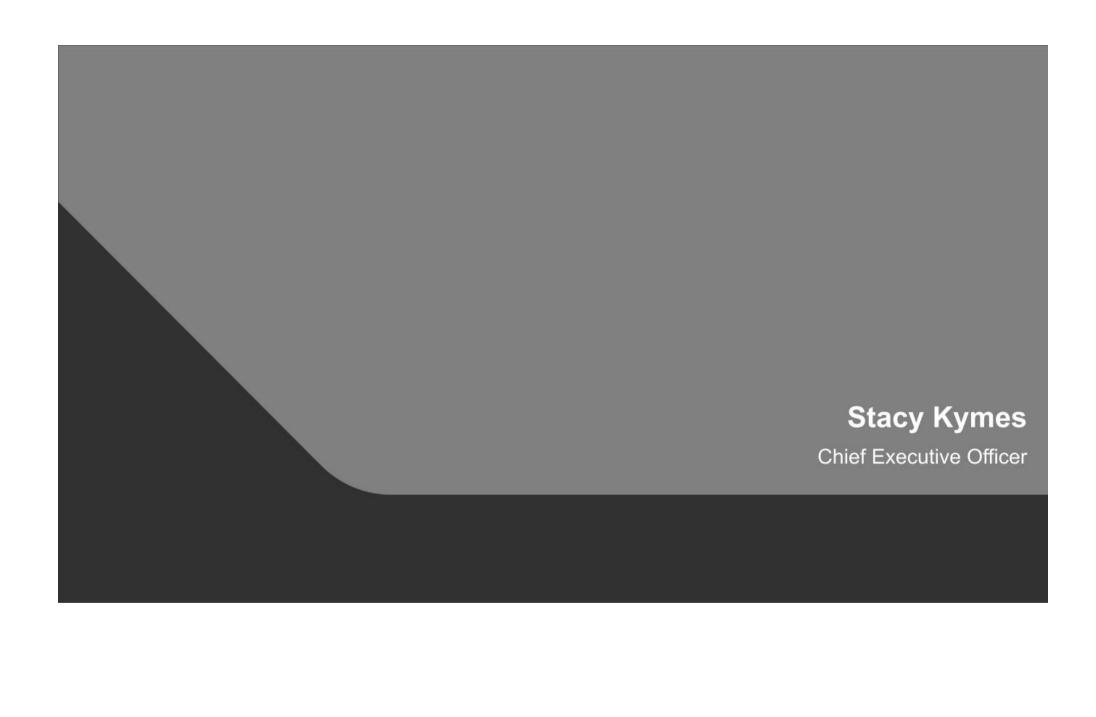
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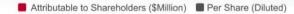
Non-GAAP Financial Measures: This presentation may refer to non-GAAP financial measures. Additional information on these financial measures is available in BOK Financial's 10-Q and 10-K fillings with the Securities and Exchange Commission which can be accessed at www.BOKF.com.

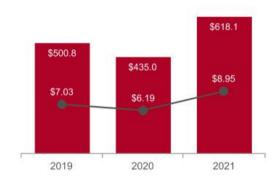
All data is presented as of December 31, 2021 unless otherwise noted.



Q4 Summary

NET INCOME - YEARLY





Noteworthy Items Impacting FY 2021 Profitability

- Strong performance from our fee-based businesses, with record earnings from our Wealth Management team
- \$31 million gain from the sale of an alternative investment in Q3
- \$100 million negative provision for credit losses
- · Expense management remains excellent

NET INCOME - QUARTERLY



Noteworthy Items Impacting Q4 2021 Profitability

- · Core loans turned the corner and grew \$117 million
- Trading and Brokerage Fees down due to market volatility in MBS institutional trading
- Net interest income down very slightly in Q4, mostly driven by a decrease in PPP fees
- · Expenses higher from charitable contributions
- · \$17 million negative provision for credit losses

Additional details

(\$Billion)	Q4 2021	Quarterly Growth	Year over Year Growth
Period-End Loans	\$20.2	(0.7)%	(12.2)%
Average Loans	\$20.2	(2.9)%	(13.7)%
Period-End Deposits	\$41.2	7.1%	14.1%
Average Deposits	\$39.8	5.2%	12.0%
Fiduciary Assets	\$64.5	6.7%	16.3%
Assets Under Management or in Custody	\$104.9	6.1%	14.5%

- PPP forgiveness of \$260 million offset growth of \$117 million in core loan balances
- Average deposits continue to grow, with the pace accelerating into year-end
- Assets under management or in custody and fiduciary assets both increased this quarter; impact of YTD new business acquisition and favorable equity markets



Loan Portfolio

LOANS OVERVIEW

- Energy balances increased with positive momentum in deals seen in Q3 continuing through Q4
- Modest growth seen in all non-Energy C&I businesses
- Core C&I continues its trend of stabilizing despite low utilization levels
- Commercial real estate pressure as clients refinance to permanent market as threat of rate hikes increases
- Approximately half of remaining PPP loans forgiven QoQ

(\$Million)	Dec. 31, 2021	Sept. 30, 2021	Dec. 31, 2020	SEQ. LOAN GROWTH	YOY LOAN GROWTH
Energy	\$3,006.9	\$2,814.1	\$3,469.2	6.9%	(13.3)%
Services	3,367.2	3,323.4	3,508.6	1.3%	(4.0)%
Healthcare	3,414.9	3,347.6	3,306.0	2.0%	3.3%
General business	2,717.4	2,690.0	2,793.8	1.0%	(2.7)%
Total C&I	\$12,506.5	\$12,175.1	\$13,077.5	2.7%	(4.4)%
Commercial Real Estate	3,831.3	4,116.9	4,698.5	(6.9)%	(18.5)%
Loans to Individuals	3,591.5	3,519.9	3,549.1	2.0%	1.2%
Core Loans	\$19,929.3	\$19,811.9	\$21,325.2	0.6%	(6.5)%
Paycheck Protection Program	276.3	536.1	1,682.3	(48.4)%	(83.6)%
Total Loans	\$20,205.7	\$20,347.9	\$23,007.5	(0.7)%	(12.2)%

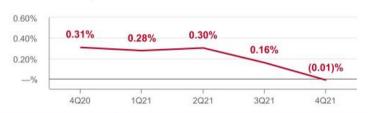
Key Credit Quality Metrics

QUALITY METRICS OVERVIEW

- · Total non-accrual loans down \$7.9 million
- · A decrease of \$14.4 million in Energy non-accruals
- Potential problem loans (substandard, accruing) totaled \$222 million at 12/31, compared to \$333 million at 9/30
- Net charge-offs fell to (1) basis point (net recoveries) excluding PPP loans, remaining below historical averages
- Last four quarter average net charge-offs at 18 basis points excluding PPP loans continues to be at or below historic range of 30 to 40 basis points
- Appropriately reserved with an ALLL excluding PPP loans of 1.29% and combined allowance of 1.45% including unfunded commitments excluding PPP loans

NET CHARGE-OFFS TO AVERAGE LOANS





NON-ACCRUALS





Fees & Commissions

BROKERAGE & TRADING

 Market volatility in Institutional Trading saw trading volumes & margins decline, strong Energy derivatives, solid Investment Banking activity

FIDUCIARY & ASSET MANAGEMENT

· Strong sales and favorable asset markets

TRANSACTION CARD

 Increase in fees linked quarter, as Q4 levels were elevated by stimulus measures and the broader reopening of the economy

SERVICE CHARGES

Slight decreases in both service charges and debit card revenue

MORTGAGE BANKING

 Q4 committed pipeline down with decline in originations and GOS margins in the secondary market

OTHER REVENUE

 Linked quarter decline due to elevated Q3 levels from the sale of repossessed oil and gas assets

REVENUE GROWTH

(\$Million)	Q4 2021	Quarterly, Sequential	Quarterly, Year over Year	Trailing 12 Months	
Brokerage & Trading	\$14.9	(69.0)%	(62.4)%	(17.9)%	
Transaction Card	25.0	1.5%	14.2%	3.3%	
Fiduciary & Asset Management	46.9	3.6%	12.1%	2.9%	
Deposit Service Charges & Fees	26.7	(2.6)%	9.8%	2.3%	
Mortgage Banking	21.3	(19.1)%	(45.9)%	(14.5)%	
Other Revenue	11.6	(38.7)%	(18.5)%	(3.6)%	
Total Fees & Commissions	\$146.3	(23.2)%	(19.2)%	(4.9)%	



Yields, Rate & Margin

NET INTEREST REVENUE

 Net interest revenue largely unchanged over the past 4 quarters, with PPP fees recognized down approximately \$5.0 million QoQ

NET INTEREST MARGIN

 The 14 basis point decrease in net interest margin was due primarily to the linked quarter increase in the trading portfolio and the decline in average loan balances, which was largely driven by PPP loan forgiveness; excluding PPP impact, normalized margin would be 2.47%, down 11 bps from normalized Q3 NIM

(\$Million)	Q4 2021	Q3 2021	Q2 2021	Q1 2021	Q4 2020
Net Interest Revenue	\$277.1	\$280.2	\$280.3	\$280.4	\$297.2
Net Interest Margin	2.52%	2.66%	2.60%	2.62%	2.72%
Yield on Available for Sale Securities	1.72%	1.80%	1.85%	1.84%	1.98%
Yield on Loans	3.70%	3.68%	3.54%	3.55%	3.68%
Cost of Interest-bearing Deposits	0.12%	0.13%	0.14%	0.17%	0.19%
Cost of Wholesale Borrowings	0.32%	0.53%	0.51%	0.50%	0.54%

Asset Sensitivity

Q4 2021 SENSITIVITY ESTIMATE

Scenario	Δ NIR %	Δ NIR \$	
Up 100 Ramp, months 1-12	4.72%	\$54.2 million	
Up 100 Ramp, months 13-24	11.25%	\$129.9 million	
Up 200 Ramp, months 1-12	7.60%	\$87.2 million	
Up 200 Ramp, months 13-24	16.03%	\$185.1 million	

NOTEWORTHY BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

- We anticipate holding the available-for-sale securities portfolio flat by reinvesting cash flows at current market rates, maintaining our assetsensitive position
- Approximately 76% of Commercial and Commercial Real Estate portfolios are variable rate or fixed rate that reprice within a year
- Approximately \$3.3 billion of in-the-money floors, providing \$18.9 million in revenue support
 - After 1 hike, \$2.9 billion remains in-the-money
 - After 2 hikes, \$1.5 billion remains in-the-money
- Deposit betas expected to remain relatively low through the first 100bp of rate hikes
 - While betas will vary by type, our current total interest-bearing deposit beta is approximately 17% in the Up 100 ramp scenario, very similar to the experience coming out of the last near-zero rate environment

Liquidity & Capital

	Q4 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2020
Loan to Deposit Ratio	49.0%	52.8%	63.7%
Period End Deposits	\$41.2 billion	\$38.5 billion	\$36.1 billion
Available secured wholesale borrowing capacity	\$14.8 billion	\$13.7 billion	\$12.7 billion
	Q4 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2020
Common Equity Tier 1	12.2%	12.3%	12.0%
Total Capital Ratio	13.3%	13.4%	13.8%
Tangible Common Equity Ratio	8.6%	9.3%	9.0%

- · Deposit growth continues to be strong
- Nearly \$15 billion of secured wholesale borrowing capacity
- CET1 and Total Capital are 570 bps and 330 bps above well-capitalized, respectively
- Repurchased 128,522 shares at an average price of \$104.46 per share in the open market

Expenses

EXPENSES OVERVIEW

- Quarterly personnel expense decreased slightly due to decreased incentive compensation expense related to decreased commissions; offset by an increase in benefits
- Quarterly non-personnel increased largely due to a \$5.0 million charitable contribution to the BOKF Foundation, along with increases in business promotion and professional services
- Linked quarter decrease in Wealth revenues & Mortgage fees, with expense increases noted above led to the increased efficiency ratio

(\$Million)	Q4 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2020	%Incr. Seq.	%Incr. YOY
Personnel expense	\$174.5	\$175.9	\$176.2	(0.8)%	(1.0)%
Other operating expense	\$125.0	\$115.4	\$126.5	8.3%	(1.1)%
Total operating expense	\$299.5	\$291.3	\$302.7	2.8%	(1.0)%
Efficiency Ratio	70.14%	61.23%	62.77%		

Forecast & Assumptions

- We expect loan growth to accelerate as we move through the year, with period-end point-to-point growth for the year in the 6-7% range. Line utilization is expected to increase, particularly in Energy and Healthcare, but not completely back to pre-pandemic levels during 2022. We expect growth in all of our regional markets and continued growth in our Wealth loan portfolio.
- Deposits are expected to decline less than 2% point-to-point during 2022, with no significant change in deposit composition or mix.
- We will maintain the AFS portfolio flat during the year by reinvesting cash flows at current rates.
- Core Net Interest Income (excluding the impact of PPP loans YoY) is expected to grow 3.5%, driven higher as loan growth picks up. Core
 net interest margin remains stable early in the year but we see improvement as the Federal Reserve starts hiking rates, which we assume
 will begin mid-year 2022.
- Total Fee revenues will not repeat historically high levels of 2021. Trading & Brokerage and Mortgage revenue will decline toward mid-to
 upper-single digits compared to last year. All other fee categories are expected to post mid-single digit growth. Total fee revenues as a
 percent of Total Revenues is expected to stay at or near 40%.
- Our goal is to maintain Operating Expense growth at or below 2% for 2022. This will support operating leverage and an improving Efficiency Ratio in concert with revenue growth from higher loan growth.
- We expect the overall loan loss reserve as a percent of loan balances to migrate toward 1.20% by the end of 2022, very close to Day 1 CECL levels.
- We expect to continue opportunistic quarterly share repurchases within the total dollar ranges spent over the past several quarters.

